



Referral Support Service

GY21 Gynaecology

Uro-gynaecology (including urinary incontinence)

Definition

Urinary Incontinence can be divided into three types:

- **Stress Incontinence:** leakage on coughing, sneezing, associated with pelvic floorweakness.
- **Urge Incontinence:** leakage associated with a strong desire to void (with frequent smallvoids throughout the day and night).
- **Mixed Incontinence:** a combination of the above.

Exclude Red Flag Symptoms

- Acute urinary retention is a rare complication, but sometimes a presenting feature of complete uterine prolapse and requires admission.
- Persistent Haematuria please follow 2ww referral guidance.

Management

- History: Establish nature of leakage and request patient completes a 3-day bladder diary Bladder Diary
- **Examination:** Pelvic examination to include: assessment for presence of leakage on coughing/straining, pelvic floor tone.
- Review bladder diary and offer <u>Bladder Drill</u> if small frequent voids present in keeping with urge incontinence.
- Urine dipstick- Treat UTI
- Lifestyle intervention- e.g. reduce weight if BMI>30, reduce caffeine intake and modify fluid intake
- Review medication- (e.g. diuretics,/antihypertensives, anti-depressants)
- Manage constipation
- Therapeutic Management of Overactive Bladder: click here
- Treat underlying atrophy:
 - Vagifem 10mcg pessaries or Ovistin 10mcg cream (Daily for 2w, then twice weekly) for 3m or Estring leave in situ 3m
- Cystocele/ Uterine Prolapse present: consider fitting a ring pessary
- Pelvic floor exercises: click here
- **Women's Health physio:** all women with prolapse should be referred first for gynae physio prior to considering surgery, to improve success of surgery.
- Continence Products/ Support: consider referral to the Continence service or DNs if housebound





Referral Information

Indications for referral

 Women who have tried bladder training and medications for OAB but have not been successful

Information to include in referral letter

- Reason for referral: Incontinence/Urgency/Possible Interstitial Cystitis
- Examination findings
- Treatment to date:
 - Gynae physiotherapy completed
 - Atrophy treated
 - Bladder drill/urinary symptoms addressed
 - Trial with anti-cholinergic for 3m (details to confirm; detrusitol/solifenacin, time-frame)
 - Bladder diary completed and attached
 - For possible Interstitial Cystitis: MSU results
 - Past medical/surgical history
 - Drug history
 - o BMI
 - Smoking cessation

Please note: pelvic floor surgery is usually only considered for women who have completed their family.

Investigations prior to referral

- Bladder diary
- Gynae physiotherapy- refer via MSK form

Patient information leaflets/ PDAs

- Prolapse patient information
- Incontinence patient information
- Pelvic floor exercises
- Surgical Procedures
- Urethral sling surgery information
- Bladder Drill: useful patient information
- Bladder Diary (file should download)

<u>References</u>

• NICE Clinical Knowledge Summary Incontinence - urinary, in women

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Version: Final: June 2021 Next Review: June 2026

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