Lead Director / Owner	Ref	Potential Risk Should be high- level potential risks that are unlikely to be fully resolved and require mitigation	Ris	(Leve	Previous Risk Level			Inherent Risk Level	Key Control Mechanisms	Independent Assurance	Gaps in Controls or Assurance	Action Plan	Expected date of	Score	icipated after Comp	Action	Review Date
	Risk Ref		to be fully resolved and require mitigation	to be fully resolved and require mitigation	Impact		KAG Status Impact	ij		Is a risk which is impossible to manage or transfer away	What we are doing to manage the risk and how this is evidenced – how and when will this be reported to the Board ?	External evidence that risks are being effectively managed (e.g. planned or received audit reviews)	Where an additional system or process is needed, or evidence of effective management of the risk is lacking		completi on	Impact	Likelihood
		actor 1: Improving health outcomes	for th	e local	popula	tion (Domair	ns: 1,3, 5)									
ссо	1.1	Failure to influence Health Well Being Boards to achieve reduction in health inequalities	2	2	Yellow (4)			Low	a. IOP aligned to ISNA themes b. Appropriate VOY representation at committees and Boards c. Equalities Impact Assessment for each decision/ policy d. Communication strategy to support health and well-being messages alongside partners e.Implementation of 'health champions'								
ссо	1.2	Failure to maintain the current rate of admissions - unplanned hospitalisation etc.	4	3	Amber (12)			Medium	a. Engagement in the Long-Term Conditions and Older People Programme Board b. CCG Long-Term Conditions Programme (see QIPP Risk Register) c. Urgent Care pathways for ambulatory care and falls (See QIPP)	Internal Audit of QIPP							
ссо		Failure to increase diagnosis rates of dementia	3	3	Amber (9)			Low	a. Dementia Awareness Programme (in partnership with Local Authority) b. Dementia Champion in each GP practice								
ссо	1.4	Reduction in unnecessary emergency admissions for acute conditions	4	4	Red (16)			Medium	a. Partnership approach with public health to promote healthy lifestyles and reduce alcohol, tobacco and illegal drug use b. Emergency Care plans c. Urgent Care Pathway	CQC Internal Audit of QIPP							
cco	1.5	Failure to receive assurance that children and vulnerable adults health outcomes are improved.	5	3	Red (15)			Medium	b. VACCU c. Improving access to Psychological Services Review d. VACCU risk register	Ofsted Inspection Care Quality Commission	a. Reporting schedule from VACCU on VoY CCG performance, risks and issues b. Performance management arrangements with VACCU						
ссо	1.6	Failure to comply with statutory duties in relation to Section 136	4	5	Red (20)			Low	a.Programme manager appointed b. Collaboration with other CCGs via VACCU c. Regular reporting to Governing Body d. Improving access to Psychological Services Review	CQC NHS England Area team		Crisis Care Centre Improving access to Psychological Services Review					

Lead	je	Potential Risk Should be high- level potential risks that are unlikely to be fully resolved and require mitigation	Risk I	Leve	el	evious Level		Inherent Risk Level	Key Control Mechanisms	Independent Assurance	Gaps in Controls or Assurance	Action Plan	Expected	Score	icipate e after n Comp	Action	Review Date
Director / Owner	Risk Ref		Impact	Likelinood	RAG Status Impact	Likelihood	RAG Status	Is a risk which is impossible to manage or transfer away	What we are doing to manage the risk and how this is evidenced – how and when will this be reported to the Board ?	External evidence that risks are being effectively managed (e.g. planned or received audit reviews)	Where an additional system or process is needed, or evidence of effective management of the risk is lacking		date of completi on	Impact	Likelihood	RAG Rating	
Critical Suc	cess F	actor 2: Improve the quality and saf	ety of co	omn	nissioned	service	_										
EN	2.1	Failure to ensure patients have a positive experience of care	3	2	Yellow (6)			Medium	a. Contract Monitoring Boards b. Monitoring of NHS patient Surveys c. Benchmarking of provider performance d. Promotion of patient participation groups for GP practices e. Monthly review of complaints f. Friends and Family Test (CQUIN) g. Patient Forums h. Patient and Public Engagement Steering Group i. Carers Strategy Group N Yorks & York	NHS Patient Surveys PALS report Healthwatch	BI contingency plan (in case of CSU BI failure) b. Carers needs taken into account in planning and commissioning services						
EN	2.2	Failure to secure improved provider performance on Red flagged areas	4	3	Amber (12)			Medium/ High	a. Contract Monitoring Boards b. Collaborative Improvement Board c. Monthly Performance Monitoring of providers	CQC NHS England Area team	BI contingency plan (in case of CSU BI failure)						
EN	2.3	Failure to deliver quick access to services as prescribed in the NHS constitution	4	2 or 3	Amber			Medium/ High	a. Contract Monitoring Boards b. Quality Requirements Schedule c. Monthly analysis of provider waiting lists d. Focus on surgical, diagnostic and outpatient pathways in respect of 18 week delivery e. Joint remedial plan for A&E waiting times f. Contribution to the development of Y&H plans to deliver ambulance								
EN	2.4	Failure to treat and care for people in a safe environment and protecting them from harm.	5	2 or 3	Amber/ High			Medium/ High	a. Contract Monitoring Boards b. Quality Requirements Schedule c. Performance monitoring arrangements on KPI d. Collaborative Improvement Board to plan performance improvements e. Implementation of national guidance, recommendations and best practice		a. Early Warning system to identify a failing service						
coo	2.5	Failure to secure maintenance of, or improvements in, quality of service through the QIPP programmes	3	2	Yellow (6)			Medium	a. Collaborative Improvement Board b. Programme Management Structure with appropriate internal controls and escalation to Q&P Committee c. Staffing structure to support GPs in leading reform d. Efficiency led, using Business Process Re-engineering e. QIPP Risk Register and Risk log for each contributing project and programme f. Serious incident reporting								

Lead	əf	Potential Risk Should be high- level potential risks that are unlikely to be fully resolved and require mitigation		Risk L	evel	Previous Risk Level			Inherent Risk Level	Key Control Mechanisms	Independent Assurance	Gaps in Controls or Assurance	Action Plan	Expected date of	. idii compicto		Action	Review Date
Director / Owner	Risk Ref		Impact	Likelihood	RAG Status	Impact	Likelihood	RAG Status	Is a risk which is impossible to manage or transfer away	What we are doing to manage the risk and how this is evidenced – how and when will this be reported to the Board ?	External evidence that risks are being effectively managed (e.g. planned or received audit reviews)	Where an additional system or process is needed, or evidence of effective management of the risk is lacking		completi	Impact	Likelihood	RAG Rating	
Critical Suc	cess F	actor 3: Achieving Financial Balance	e													· ·		
CFO/ COO	3.1	The CCG will be unable to realise QIPP Programme savings		4	4 4 8ed (16)				Medium	a. Benchmarking data to evidence QIPP savings assumptions b. Comprehensive, timely budget and performance data to VOYCCG and individual practices c. Contract review with main provider d. Adequate capacity and resources for delivery work-streams e. Areas of additional savings to mitigate against risk of non-delivery f. Credible work plan for QIPP	Internal Audit							
coo	3.2	Failure to deliver QIPP programmes within the required timescales		4	(91) po8				Medium	a. Collaborative Improvement Board b. Programme Management Structure with appropriate internal controls and escalation to Q&P Committee c. Staffing structure to support GPs in leading reform d. Efficiency led, using Business Process Re-engineering e. QIPP Risk Register and Risk log for each contributing project and programme f. Quality and performance Committee	Internal Audit							
CFO		Failure to realise key financial planning assumptions resulting in additional costs			3 (21) beg				High	a. Detailed assessment of unavoidable cost pressures incorporated into financial plan b. Finance and Contracting Committee c. Contract Management Boards d. Collaborative Improvement Board e. Monthly review of devolved budgets f. Contracts register	Internal Audit	Q. CHC assurance						
CFO	3.4	Contractual Overtrades		4	ω Amher (12)					a. Contract Management Boards b. Finance and Contracting Committee	Internal Audit		Identification of pressure points					
cco	3.5	Failure to control prescribing costs		4	Red (1				High	a. Prescribing Programme b. Collaborative Improvement Board c. Quality and Performance Committee	Internal Audit							
COO/ CFO	3.6	Failure to implement efficient ways of working resulting in high running costs		2	2 (4) wolley				Low	Budget management training Better payment practice code Mandatory Training for staff, including Information Governance	Internal Audit	a. maximise the use of technology b. BI contingency						

Lead Director / Owner	je.	Potential Risk Should be high- level potential risks that are unlikely to be fully resolved and require mitigation	Ri	Risk Level		Previous Risk Level			Inherent Risk Level	Key Control Mechanisms	Independent Assurance	Gaps in Controls or Assurance	Action Plan	Expected	Score	icipate e after n Comp	Action	Review Date
	Risk Ref		Impact	Likelihood	RAG Status	Impact	Likelihood	RAG Status	Is a risk which is impossible to manage or transfer away	What we are doing to manage the risk and how this is evidenced – how and when will this be reported to the Board ?	External evidence that risks are being effectively managed (e.g. planned or received audit reviews)	Where an additional system or process is needed, or evidence of effective management of the risk is lacking		date of completi on	Impact	Likelihood	RAG Rating	
Critical Suc	Critical Success Factor 4: Working collaboratively with all stakeholders in service development and decision making. (Domains: 2, 5)																	
cco	4.1	Failure to secure positive reputation amongst stakeholders	2	2	Yellow (4)				Low	a. Vision, Mission and Values b. Communication Strategy c. Effective representation at key meetings								
ссо		The CCG fails to get consensus across all parties in service re- design and resources allocation to enable integrated care planning	4	з	Amber (12)				Medium/ High	a. Collaborative Improvement Board b. Strategic Collaborative Commissioning Board c. Programme Management approach to service re-design and commissioning, based on the healthcare reform process d. Patient engagement structures (see below)								
coo	4.3	Failure to secure patient engagement to support change	3	2	Yellow (6)				Low	a. Public & Patient Engagement Steering Group b. Public and Patient Forum c. Patient Engagement Continuum approach d. Dedicated CSU engagement support e. Programme Management approach to service re-design and commissioning, based on the healthcare reform process								
cco		The constituent GP practices do not adequately engage with the CCG in its work plans and programmes	4	3	Amber (12)				Medium	a. Council of Representatives b. GP Forum c. Remuneration Committee								

Lead Director / Owner	Risk Ref	Potential Risk Should be high- level potential risks that are unlikely to be fully resolved and require mitigation		Likelihood lava and and and and and and and and and an	Le	Likelihood sisk sind RAG Status	Inherent Risk Level Is a risk which is impossible to manage or transfer away	Key Control Mechanisms What we are doing to manage the risk and how this is evidenced – how and when will this be reported to the Board?	Independent Assurance External evidence that risks are being effectively managed (e.g. planned or received audit reviews)	Gaps in Controls or Assurance Where an additional system or process is needed, or evidence of effective management of the risk is lacking	Action Plan	Expected date of completi on	Score	rikelihood Likelihood	Action	Review Date
Critical Su	Critical Success Factor 5: Ensuring the CCG has the capacity and processes to deliver its statutory duties (Domains, 3,4,6)															
coo		Lack of CCG capability and capacity to deliver strategic priorities and legal responsibilities	4	3			Low	a. Robust staffing structure b. Use of interim staff to manage transitional arrangements c. Budget profile for CCG running costs d. Organisational Development Plan e. Mandatory Training f. SLA monitoring with CSU to ensure effective infrastructure and maximising value from SLA		a. Integrated Governance Strategy b. Business continuity planning c. Emergency Preparedness Plan d. Assurance on IT disaster recovery						
coo		The CCG fails to manage the real and public perception of conflict of interest resulting in lack of public confidence in the CCG	4				Low									

CCO = Chief Clinical Officer

CFO = Chief Financial Officer

COO = Chief Operating Officer

EN = Executive Nurse